

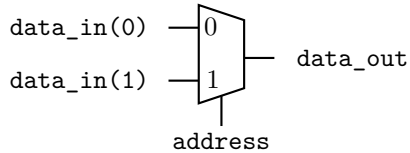
# Digitaltekniska byggblock

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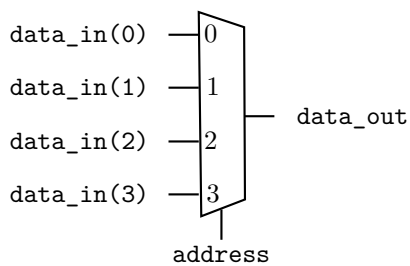
Dokumentet listar användbara digitaltekniska typer av byggblock. För varje block visas symbol och vhdl-kod. Variabeldefinitioner för `std_logic`-variabler har utelämnats. Blocken anpassas vid användning till uppgiftens specifika behov genom att t ex välja antalet bitar i en räknare, vilka funktioner räknaren ska ha etc.

## 2-1 Multiplexer



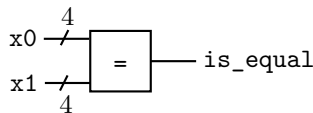
```
signal data_in : std_logic_vector(1 downto 0);
data_out <= data_in(0) when address = '0'
           else data_in(1);
```

## 4-1 Multiplexer



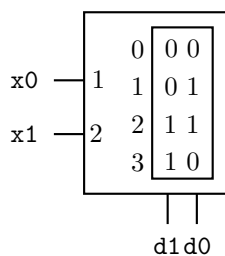
```
signal data_in : std_logic_vector(3 downto 0);
signal address : unsigned(1 downto 0);
with address select
  data_out <= data_in(0) when "00",
             data_in(1) when "01",
             data_in(2) when "10",
             data_in(3) when "11",
             '-' when others;
```

## Komparator



```
signal x0 : unsigned(3 downto 0);
signal x1 : unsigned(3 downto 0);
is_equal <= '1' when x1 = x0
           else '0';
```

## ROM



```
use ieee.numeric_std.all;

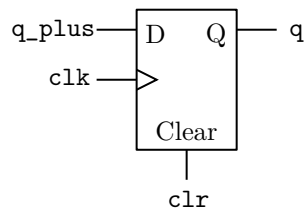
type ROM is array(0 to 3) of std_logic_vector(1 downto 0);
constant ROM_content : ROM := (0 => "00",
                               1 => "01",
                               2 => "11",
                               3 => "10");

signal data : std_logic_vector(1 downto 0);
signal address : std_logic_vector(1 downto 0);

address <= x1 & x0;
data <= ROM_content(to_integer(unsigned(address)));
d0 <= data(0);
d1 <= data(1);
```

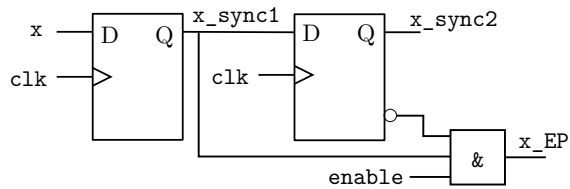
## D-vippa

D-vippa med asynkron clear.



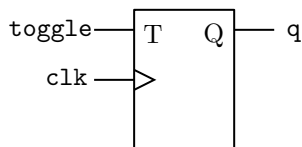
```
process(clk,clr)
begin
  if clr = '1' then
    q <= '0';
  elsif rising_edge (clk) then
    q <= q_plus;
  end if;
end process;
```

## Synkronisering och enpulsning



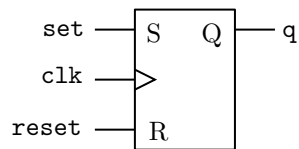
```
process(clk) begin
  if rising_edge(clk) then
    x_sync1 <= x;
    x_sync2 <= x_sync1;
  end if;
end process;
x_EP <= x_sync1 and (not x_sync2) and enable;
```

## T-vippa



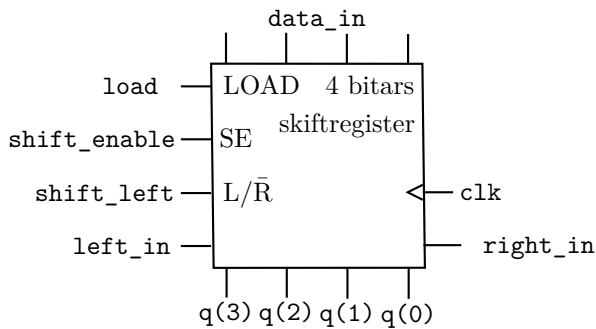
```
process(clk) begin
  if rising_edge(clk) then
    if (toggle = '1') then
      q <= not(q);
    end if;
  end if;
end process;
```

## SR-vippa



```
process(clk) begin
  if rising_edge(clk) then
    if (set = '1') then
      q <= '1';
    elsif (reset = '1') then
      q <= '0';
    end if;
  end if;
end process;
```

## Skiftregister



```

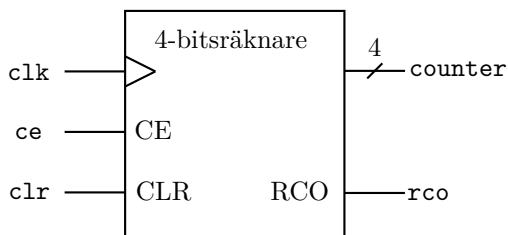
signal q : std_logic_vector(3 downto 0);
signal data_in : std_logic_vector(3 downto 0);

process(clk) begin
  if rising_edge(clk) then
    if (load = '1') then
      q <= data_in;
    elsif (shift_enable = '1') then
      if (shift_left = '1') then
        q <= q(2 downto 0) & right_in;
      else
        q <= left_in & q(3 downto 1);
      end if;
    end if;
  end if;
end process;

```

## Räknare

Ett exempel på en 4-bitsräknare med asynkron clear, count enable och rippel carry out.



```

use ieee.numeric_std.all;

signal counter : unsigned(3 downto 0);

process(clk,clr) begin
  if clr = '1' then
    counter <= "0000";
  elsif rising_edge(clk) then
    if (ce = '1') then
      counter <= counter + 1;
    end if;
  end if;
end process;

rco <= '1' when ((ce = '1') and
                (counter = 15))
        else '0';

```